

CATALOGUE NO. 8731.1 EMBARGOED UNTIL 11.30 A.M. 8 SEPTEMBER 1995

BUILDING APPROVALS, NEW SOUTH WALES, JULY 1995

Note: Trend estimates for the most recent months are provisional and may be revised as data for additional months becomes available. Readers are referred to the article 'Reliability of Contemporary Trends' on page 23 for assistance with interpreting selected trend estimates.

MAIN FEATURES

NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS APPROVED

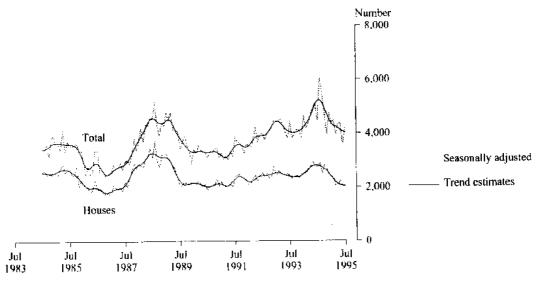
	July 1994	June 1995	July 1995	July 1994 to July 1995 change	June 1995 to July 1995 change
Original series	4,403	3,649	4,201	-17%	15%
Seasonally adjusted	4,441	3,567	4,296	-20%	20%u
Trend estimate	5,219	4,068	4,045	<u>-22%</u>	<u>—————————————————————————————————————</u>

Trend estimates of the total number of dwelling units approved in New South Wales in July 1995 (4,045) showed a decrease of 1% from June 1995 (4,068), and a 22% decrease from July 1994 (5,219). The seasonally adjusted number of dwelling units approved would have to decrease by 2% (to 4,210) in August 1995 for the trend to flatten out (at 4,097). The historical average monthly movement of this series, regardless of sign, is 8%. The trend estimates number of new private sector houses approved in July 1995 (1,972) is the lowest figure since July 1990.

The trend estimate of the value of new residential buildings approved in July 1995 (\$404.1m) is 0.2% higher than in June 1995 and is the first increase in the last 11 months. There would need to be a decrease of 3% in the seasonally adjusted value of new residential buildings approved in August 1995 (to \$414.7m) for the trend to flatten out at \$406.6m. The historical average monthly movement of this series, regardless of sign, is 8%.

In original terms the number of public sector new houses approved in July 1995 (10) is the lowest figure since February 1990.

TOTAL DWELLING UNITS APPROVED, NSW



INQUIRIES

- for further information about statistics in this publication and the availability of unpublished statistics, contact Bill Markham on Sydney (02) 268 4376.
- · for information about other ABS statistics and services please refer to the back of this publication.

NOTES

The statistics on Building Approvals are compiled from data supplied in monthly reports provided by local and other government authorities.

Explanatory notes are provided at the back of this publication.

GREG BRAY Deputy Commonwealth Statistician

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TABLE 1, NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS APPROVED

	N	lew houses		New other i	residential buil	dings			Total (a)	
Period	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Conversions, etc.	Private sector	Public sector	Total
	-		SYD	NEY STATIS	STICAL DIV	ISION				
199293	12,915	462	13,377	10,752	1,742	12.494	1.011	24,670	2.212	26,882
1993-94	13.691	240	13,931	12,090	1.048	13,138	2,043	27.811	1.301	29,112
1994-95	13,834	255	14,089	16,919	1.012	17,931	1,778	32.513	1,285	33,798
1994								0.010	252	3.269
May	1,574	23	1,597	1,306	223	1,529	143	3,017	252 135	2,854
June	1,251	46	1,297	1,411	89	1,500	57	2.719		2,403
July	1.265	32	1,297	985	95	1,080	26	2,276	127 113	4,214
August	1,439	41	1,480	2,541	72	2,613	121	4,101		4,214 4,104
September	1,220	28	1,248	2.022	115	2,137	719	3,961	143	
October	1,433	26	1,459	1,198	36	1,234	77	2,708	62	2,770
November	1,415	12	1.427	1,154	17	1,171	82	2,651	29	2,680
December	9 79	4	983	1.513	69	1,582	85	2.577	73	2.650
1995			. 049	1 105	61	1.246	117	2,326	84	2,410
January	1,032	15	1,047	1.185	10	1,365	125	2,494	33	2,527
February	1.014	23	1,037	1,355		1.539	38	2,425	89	2,514
March	912	25	937	1.475	64 174	1,183	250	2,177	195	2,372
April	918	21	939	1,009	203	1,163	230 55	2,921	232	3,153
May	1.276	22	1,298	1,597	203 96	981	83	1,896	105	2,001
June July	931 1,225	6 6	937 1,231	885 1,551	127	1,678	41	2,817	133	2,950
				NEW SOU	TH WALES		.=			
	20.42	840	29,522	16,308	2,667	18,975	1,365	46,318	3,544	49,862
1992 93	28,653	869	29.322 30,612	17,744	1,554	19,298	2,453	50,234	2,129	52,363
1993-94 1994-95	30,051 28,578	561 423	29,001	21,979	1.811	23,790	2,073	52,604	2,260	54,864
1994-	3,232	57	3,289	1,832	312	2,144	187	5,245	375	5,620
May	2.873	72	2.945	1,989	172	2,161	96	4,958	244	5,202
June	2.628	61	2,689	1,434	218	1,652	62	4,121	282	4,403
July	2,985	61	3,046	3,078	100	3,178	139	6,202	161	6,363
August September	2,728	34	2,762	2,545	145	2,690	758	6,031	179	6,210
October	2,809	33	2,842	1,613	50	1,663	104	4,526	83	4,609
November	2,865	21	2,886	1,564	40	1,604	99	4,528	61	4,589
December	2,029	11	2,040	1,946	113	2.059	104	4,079	124	4,203
1905										
January	2,041	17	2,058	1,527	161	1.688	134	3,694	186	3,880
February	1,998	30	2,028	1.755	60	1,815	150	3,903	90	3,992
March	2,100	58	2.158	1,841	107	1.948		4,002	165	4.16
April	1,802	27	1,829	1,410	251	1,661	259	3.471	278	3,749
May	2.526	38	2,564	2,073	327	2,400		4,677	372	5,049
June	2,067	32	2,099	1,193	239	1,432		3,370	279	3,64
July	2.132	10	2,142	1,812	174	1,986	73	4,017	184	4,20

(a) Includes Conversions, etc. See paragraphs 9-11 of the Explanatory Notes

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TABLE 2. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED (\$ million)

							\$ million)							
				New res	idential l	building				Alterations				
		Houses		Other res	Other residential buildings		Total			and additions to	Non-residential building		Total huilding	
Period	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	Private sector	Public sector	Total	residential buildings	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Tota
				•	SYD	NEY STA	ATISTICA	L DIVIS	ION			-		
1992-93	1,389.5	43.3	1,432.7	1,148.8	124.2	1,273.0	2,538.3	167.4	2,705.7	708,4	1.663.3	2,407.3	4,903.1	5,821.4
1993-94	1,510.3	23.1	1,533.3	1,040.6	70.9	3,111.4	2,550.8	94.0	2,644.8	782.9	1,376.9	2,065.7	4.703.5	5,493.3
1994-95	1,639.9	26.4	1.666.3	1,745.0	76.7	1,821.7	3,384.9	103.0	3,488.0	852 4	2,206.4	2,896.8	6.437.1	7.237.2
1994 -														
May	162.0	1.7	163.8	110.0	14.9	124.9	272.0	16.7	288.7	72.3	82.8	112.5	424.9	473.5
June *	147.7	4.3	152.0	138.7	6.0	144.7	286.4	10.3	296.7	69.4	155.2	179.3	509.8	545.4
July	144.5	4.4	148.8	88.7	6.0	94.7	233.2	10.4	243.6	62.9	98.5	153.0	394.0	459.5
August	169.5	5.1	174.6	307.9	4.5	312.5	477.4	9.6	487.0	79.1	256.3	367.4	812.0	933.5
September	143.8	2.6	146.4	232.8	8.3	241.0	376.6	10.9	387.5	120.0	73.7	139.1	567.9	646.6
October	160.5	2.2	162.7	107.8	2.3	110.0	268.3	4.4	272.7	71.7	86.3	119.3	426.4	463.7
November	161.7	1.1	162.9	115.9	1.6	117.5	277.6	2.7	280.3	74.8	102.3	146.8	454.5	501.9
December	124.7	0.4	125.0	150.2	6.6	156.8	274.9	6.9	281.8	54.8	149 [177.6	478.6	514.2
1995														
January	119 5	1.3	120.8	116.7	3.7	120.4	236.2	5.0	241.2	55.0	102.9	140.0	392.8	436.2
February	119.4	2.0	121.4	108.5	1.0	109.6	227.9	3.0	230.9	59.2	128.1	310.8	415.0	600.9
March	111.7	2.6	114.4	190.8	3.4	194.2	302.5	6 . l	308.6	58.6	125.8	190.0	486.7	557.2
April	113.6	1.9	115.5	86.9	15.4	102.3	200.5	17.4	217.9	82.2	655.1	675.5	937.8	975.6
May	154.0	2.2	156.1	163.0	16.2	179.2	317.0	18.3	335.3	72.6	227.9	251.6	616.9	659.4
June	117.1	0.6	117.6	75.8	7.7	83.6	192.9	8.3	201.2	61.4	200.4	225.8	454.6	488.4
July	149.6	0.7	150.3	145.7	12.1	157.8	295.3	12.8	308.2	64.4	299.3	334.6	658.2	707.1
						NEW S	OUTH W	ALES						
1992-93	2,852.9	80.9	2,933.9	1,516.6	181.7	1,698.3	4,369.5	262.7	4,632.2	965.0	2,126.4	3,178.2	7,452.4	8,775.4
1993-94	3.065.8	53.3	3,119.1	1,424.1	99.9	1,523.9	4,489.9	153.1	4,643.1	1,043.1	1,895.6	2,884.1	7,420.5	8,570.2
1994-95	3,101.6	43.2	3,144.8	2,106.8	125.0		5,208.3	168.3	5,376.6	1,101.0	2,812.5	3.733.4	9,114.5	10.211.0
1994 -														
May	319.7	4.7	324.4	145.4	20.7	166.1	465.1	25.3	490.4	98.1	143.0	183.5	704.0	772.1
June	307.8	6.7	314.5	179.5	11.5	191.0	487.3	18.2	505.5	93.4	224.3	262.4	803.6	861.3
July	278.5	7.5	285.9	124.1	13.1	137.2	402.6	20.5	423.1	85.2	144.7	206.1	631.7	714.3
August	325.2	7.2	332.4	345.6	6.9	352.5	670.7	14.2	684.9	106.1	304.1	460.3	1,080.2	1.251.3
September	287.8	3.5	291.2	268.9	10.2	279.2	556.7	13.7	570.4	142.6	124.7	207.2	821.5	920.2
October	295.6	2.7	298.4	136.5	3.3	139.8	432.2	6.0	438.1	93.4	157.5	209.3	683.1	740.8
November	301.6	1.9	303.5	143.5	3.0	146.5	445.2	4.9	450.1	97.1	169.8	239.1	711.9	786.3
December	229.2	1.0	230.2	179.6	9,0	188.6	408,8	10.1	418.9	72.3	198.2	238.4	679.2	729,6
1995														
January	220.4	1.5	221.8	143.2	8.1	151.2	363.5	9.5	373.1	70.5	146.1	209.3	578.8	652.9
February	215.6	2.6	218.1	137.3	3.5	140.8	352.9	6.1	359,0	76.1	161.6	363.7	590.4	798.8
March	230.8	5.7	236.5	218.7	6.0	224.7	449.4	11.8	461.2	78.7	167.9	258.5	695.8	798.4
April	202.8	2.7	205.5	113.9	20.6	134.5	316.7	23.3	340.0	99.6	695.1	724.5	1,111.3	1,164.0
May	281.0	3.4	284.4	197.7	23.6	221.3	478.7	27.0	505.7	94.6	280.5	313.2	853.1	913.5
June	233.2	3.5	236.8	97.8	17.8	115.5	331.0	21.3	352.3	84.7	262.3	303.9	677.6	740.9
July	244.4	1.2	245.6	163.0	14.9	177.9	407.4	16.1	423.5	84.7	332.1	373.2	823.2	881.3

TABLE 3. NUMBER AND VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED SEASONALLY ADJUSTED AND TREND ESTIMATES (a) (b)

		Number of dwelling ur	iits (c)		Value (\$m)			
	Houses		Total		New	Alterations and additions		
Period	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Total	residential building	to residential buildings		
		SEASONAL	LY ADJUSTED .					
1994r								
May	2,833	2,924	4,643	4,947	435.4	88.5		
June	2,692	2,777	5.018	5,110	501.4	92.5		
July	2,560	2,733	4.012	4,441	422.4	86.8		
August	2,864	2,931	5.944	6,133	697.9	99.7		
September	2,455	2,488	5.342	5,536	486.4	115.1		
October	2.748	2,818	4,659	4,822	463.0	91.7		
November	2,676	2,671	3,998	3,980	408.1	89.4		
December	2,417	2,426	4,698	4,738	465.0	85.8		
1995 r								
January	2.470	2,401	4,119	4.388	402.4	85.5		
February	2,320	2.363	4,394	4,491	410.5	85.7		
March	1,994	1.976	3,882	3,957	434.5	77.6		
April	2,006	2,049	3,952	4,348	378.5	112.2		
May	2,230	2,265	4,132	4,396	461.2	83.5		
June	1,919	1,964	3,399	3,567	343.4	83,0		
July	2,013	2,107	3,912	4,296	428.7	<u>87.1</u>		
		TREND I	ESTIMATES					
1994								
May	2,713	2,794	4,604	4,858	430.8	91.0		
June	2,719	2.817	4,808	5,072	449.0	93.2		
July	2,709	2,812	4,969	5,219	461.1	95.7		
August	2,689	2,779	5.029	5,248	465.7	97.7		
September	2.668	2,735	4,970	5,147	461.9	98.2		
October	2,641	2,678	4,822	4,955	453.7	95.9		
November	2.586	2,597	4,617	4,719	442.9	92.2		
December	2,499	2,494	4,416	4.511	433.4	88.7		
1995 r		_				0/ 5		
January	2,386	2,376	4.249	4.362	424.7	86.8		
February	2,271	2,267	4,138	4,290	417.3	86.9		
March	2,171	2,178	4.068	4,261	413.1	88.3 89.2		
April	2,096	2,120	3,971	4.201	409.7			
May	2,042	2.083	3,871	4,131	406.3	89.2		
June	2,004	2,060	3,782	4.068	403.2	88.7		
July	1,972	2,045	3,742	4,045	404.1	87.9		

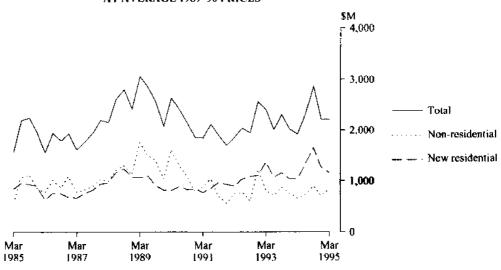
⁽a) Seasonally adjusted series smoothed by application of a 13-term Henderson moving average — see paragraphs 23–29 of the Explanatory Notes for a more detailed explanation. (b) Series have been revised due to annual re-analysis of seasonal adjustment factors. (c) Includes Conversions, etc. See paragraphs 9–11 of the Explanatory Notes.

TABLE 4, VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED AT AVERAGE 1989–90 PRICES (a)
(\$ million)

		New residentie	al huilding		Alterations	Non-reside huilding		Total building	
	Houses	ı	Other		and — additions to				
Period	Private sector	Total	Other residential buildings	Total	residential huildings	Private sector	Total	Private sector	Total
199293	2,723.4	2,800.6	1.842.8	4,643.4	921.2	2,248.8	3.361.5	7,590.5	8,926.2
1993 94	2,870.6	2,920.5	1,640.7	4,561.2	977.0	1,984.8	3,021.2	7,424.4	8,559 4
1994-95	2,849.3	2.889.0	2,340.5	5,229.5	1,011.7	2,867.0	3,808.8	9,006.1	10,050.0
1994									
Mar. qtr	677.3	691.4	348.2	1,039.6	225.4	402.2	656.0	1,646.1	1,920.9
Jume qtr	820.3	838.9	484.1	1,323.0	256.2	569.8	730.7	2.101.2	2,309.8
Sept. qtr	823.8	840.6	814.4	1,655.0	308.6	591.2	900.6	2.525.8	2,864.2
Dec. qtr	760.3	765.5	498.8	1,264.3	241.8	538.5	703.7	2,039.4	2,209.8
1995									
Mar. qtr	605.5	614.4	538.9	1.153.3	204.7	484.3	846.7	1.830.2	2,204.8
June qtr	659.6	668.4	488.4	1,156.8	256.6	1,252.9	1,357.8	2.610.7	2,771.2

(a) See paragraphs 30-35 of the Explanatory Notes. Constant price estimates are subject to revision each quarter as more up to date information on prices and commodity compositions becomes available.





VALUE OF NEW RESIDENTIAL BUILDINGS APPROVED AT AVERAGE 1989–90 PRICES

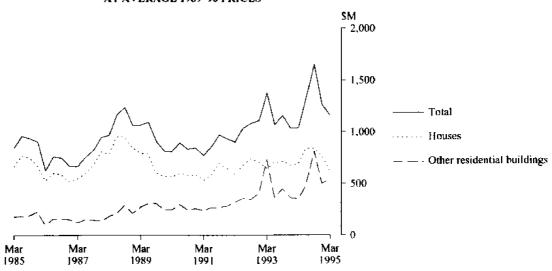


TABLE 5. VALUE OF BUILDING APPROVED, BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND OWNERSHIP (\$ million)

•		(\$ mill	ion)				
					1995		
Class of building	1992 93	1993-94	1994_95	April	May	June	July
		PRIVATE S	SECTOR				
New houses	2,852.9	3,065.8	3,10[.6	202.8	281.0	233.2	244.4
New other residential buildings	1.516.6	1.424.1	2.106.8	113.9	197.7	97.8	163.0
Total new residential building	4,369.5	4,489.9	5,208.3	316.7	478.7	331.0	407.4
Alterations and additions to	956.6	1.034.9	1,093.7	99.6	93,9	84.3	83.7
residential buildings							
Hotels, etc.	122.7	75.2	284.4	153.4	2,8 33.6	49.6 57.8	166,4 24,5
Shops	385.2	301.4	587.5 381.2	74.0 14.2	102.2	47.7	22.3
Factories	280.9	272.9 362.5	348.1	19.0	39.6	33.6	18.1
Offices	534.5 212.4	287.5	354.2	79.9	52.2	34.7	39.8
Other business premises	120.8	102.2	99.2	4.7	11.5	9.2	8.1
Educational	41.9	34.2	33.7	6.8	1,4	3.8	0.4
Religious	73.3	208.2	75.5	5.4	5.6	0.8	4,6
Health Entertainment and recreational	303.6	151.0	574.8	333.9	23.0	16.7	43.l
Miscellaneous	51.1	100.5	73.7	3.9	8.7	8.3	4.8
Total non-residential building	2,126.4	1.895.6	2,812.5	695.1	280.5	262.3	332.1
Total	7,452.4	7,420.5	9,114.5	1,111.3	853.1	677.6	823.2
		rublic s	ECTOR		-		
New houses	80.9	53.3	43.2	2.7	3.4	3.5	1.2
New other residential buildings	181.7	99.9	125.0	20.6	23.6	17.8	14.9
Total new residential huilding	262.7	153.1	168.3	23.3	27.0	21.3	16.1
Afterations and additions to residential buildings	8.5	8.1	7.3		0.7	0.4	0.9
Hotels, etc.	2.2	2.7	2.3	1.4	 1.9	<u> </u>	6.1
Shops	13.9	21.2	19.4 8.3	0.1	1.7		0.2
Factories	2.2 142.0	21.2 208.9	157.1	10.8	10.6	13.5	3.4
Offices	62.1	106.8	85.2	3.7	1.0	9.4	7.8
Other business premises	304.0	326.2	237.7	8.0	14.5	10.0	10.0
Educational Religious	30410		_	_	_		
Health	410.3	187.8	239.7	2.3	2.3	4.6	1.1
Entertainment and recreational	62.5	33.6	51.7	1.6	1.8	1.8	9.9
Miscellaneous	52.7	80.0	119.5	1.7	0.6	0.8	2.6
Total non-residential building	1,051.9	988.5	920.9	29.4	32.7	41.5	41.1
Total	1,323.0	1,149.8	1,996.5	52.7	60.4	63.2	58.1
		тот	AL				
New houses	2,933.9	3.119.1	3,144.8	205.5	284.4	236.8	245.6
New other residential buildings	1.698.3	1,523.9	2,231.8	134.5	221.3	115.5	177.9
Total new residential building	4,632.2	4,643.1	5,376.6	340.0	505.7	352.3	423.5
Alterations and additions to residential buildings	965.0	1.043.1	1.101.0	99.6	94.6	84.7	84.7
Hotels, etc.	124.8	78,0	286.7	153.4	2.8	49.6	166.4
Shops	399.1	322.6	607.0	75.4	35.5	59.2	30.5
Factories	283.2	294.0	389.5	14.2	102.2	47.7	22.5
Offices	676.5	571.4	505.2	29.8	50.2	47.1	21.6
Other business premises	274.5	394.3	439.4	83.5	53.2	44.0	47.6
Educational	424.7	428.5	336.9	12.7	26.0	19.2	18.1
Religious	41.9	34.2	33.7	6.8	1.4	3.8	0.4
Health	483.6	396.0	315.2	7.7	7.9	5.5	5.8
Entertainment and recreational	366.1	184,5	626.5	335.4	24.8	18.5	53.0
Miscellaneous	103.8 3.178.2	180.5 2,884.1	193.3 3,733.4	5,6 72 4 .5	9.2 313.2	9.1 303.9	7.4 373.2
Total non-residential building	8,775,4	8,570.2	10,211.0	1,164.0	913.5	740.9	881.3
Total			JU,411.U				

TABLE 6. NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING JOBS APPROVED, BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND VALUE SIZE GROUPS

	\$50,000 than \$20			\$200,000 to less than \$500,000		\$500,000 to less than \$1m		\$1m to less than \$5m		\$5m and over		Total	
Period	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (Sm)	
					HOTELS,	ETC.	•	•	•				
1995													
May	3	0.3	4	1.2	2	1.3					9	2.8	
June	7	0.7	3	0.8	2	1.8	3	6.4	i	40.0	16	49.6	
July	6	8.0			2	1.6	2	4.1		160.0	11	166,4	
					SHOP	5							
1995													
May	75	6.6	17	4.8	9	6.4	7	11.9	1	6.0	109	35.5	
June	88	8.1	18	5.1	6	3.5	4	5.6	2	37.0	118	59.2	
July	94	8.2	20	5.2	7	4.5	3	6.9	i	5.7	125	30.5	
					FACTOR	RIES			<u></u>				
1995			_		_		_		_	e			
May	30	3.4	21	6.3	5	3.7	3	4.8	2	83.9	61	102.2	
June	43 37	4.5	20	6.1 4.3	8 9	5.0	2 3	2.8	2	29.3	75 63	47.7 22.5	
July		3,5	14	4.3		6.0		8.7	·		0.3		
					OFFICI	ES -							
1095													
May	97	9.2	24	6.9	14	10.0	8	11.0	2	13.0	145	50.2	
June	87	7.8 6.4	24	7.3 6.3	10 3	6.5 2.1	4 5	8.7		16.8	127 94	47.1 21.6	
July	64	0.4	22					6.8				21.0	
	-			ОТНЕ	R BUSINES	S PREMISES	S						
1995													
May	39	3,8	17	5.0	14	10.0	7	14.0	2	20.4	79	53.2	
June	36	3.5	18	5.7	11	8.5	10	15.4	1	11.0	76 48	44.0 47.6	
July ————————————————————————————————————	19	1.8	16	4.4		2.0	8	16.3	- 2	23.1	40	41.0	
					EDUCATIO	ONAL							
1995													
May	9	1.3	11	3.5	6	4.3	7	11.1	1	5.8	34	26.0	
June July	22 7	2.0 0.8	13 8	4.0 2.6	3 4	1.9 2.7	6 4	11.3 6.9	1	5.1	44 24	19.2 18.1	
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		RELIGIO			.					
													
/ 995 May	1	0.1	1	0.3	_	_	1	1.0			3	1.4	
June	6	0.6	4	1.2	_	_	ì	2.0	_		ŧΪ	3.8	
July	3	0.4	-			-					3	0.4	
					KEALT	'H							
1995							_						
May	10	1.1	5	1.2	2	1.3	2	4.4			19	7.9	
June	11	1.3	1	0.4	_	_		3.7			13	5.5	
July	6	0.5	4	1.3	3	1.9	1	2.0	_		14	5.8	

TABLE 6. NON-RESIDENTIAL BUILDING JOBS APPROVED, BY CLASS OF BUILDING AND VALUE SIZE GROUPS continued

		\$50,000 to less than \$200,000		\$200,000 to less than \$500,000		\$500,000 to less than \$1m		\$1m to less than \$5m		\$5m and over		ıl .
Period	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (Sm)	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (\$m)	No.	Value (Sm)
		a 1.44 - 2 - 2 - 144 1	F	NTERTAIN	MENT ANI	O RECREAT	IONAL					
1995—												
May	22	1.9	10	3.4	9	6.5	4	7.9	1	5.0	46	24.8
June	15	1.3	12	3.2	4	2.5	2	2.5	1	9.0	34	18.5
July	17	1.7	12	4.2	4	2.8	2	4.9	4	39.5	39	53.0
					M[SCELLA]	NEOUS						
1995												
May	20	1.7	5	1.2	ł	0.6	3	5.8		_	29	9.2
June	22	1.9	7	2.1	1	0.8	3	4.3	_	_	33	9.1
July	14	1.3	3	1.1	_	_	3	5.0	_	 	20	7.4
	•			TOTAL NO	ON-RESIDE!	NTIAL BUIL	DING					
1995												
May	306	29.4	115	33.9	62	44.0	42	71.8	9	134.1	534	313.2
June	337	31.7	120	35.9	45	30.4	36	62.7	9	143.1	547	303.9
July	267	25.5	99	29.4	35	23.4	31	61.6	Ġ	233.4	441	373.2

TABLE 7. NUMBER AND VALUE OF NEW DWELLING UNITS (a) APPROVED IN AREAS OF NSW, JULY 1995

	Private sect	or	Public secte	or	Total	
Dwelling unit classification	Number	Value (\$`000)	Number	Value (\$'000)	Number	Vatu (\$ '000
±0.00 €	SYDNEY STA	ATISTICAL DIV	ISION			
Houses	1.225	149,594	6	735	1,231	150,320
Brick, stone, or concrete	170	29,200	1	340	171	29,540
Brick-veneer	996	114,620	4	364	1,000	114,985
Timber	45	4,689	1	30	46	4.719
Fibre cement	7	650			7	650
Other materials	7	434			7	434
Other residential buildings	1,551	145,744	127	12,086	1,678	157.829
iotal residential buildings	2,776	295,338	133	12,820	2,909	308,158
	HUNTER STA	ATISTICAL DIV	ISION			
Houses	228	23,984			228	23,984
Brick, stone, or concrete	33	4,535			33	4,535
Brick-veneer	167	17,200		**	167	17,200
Timber	12	1,008			12	1,008
Fibre cement	13	907			13	907
Other materials	3	334			3	334
Other residential buildings	59	4,096	18	984	77	5,080
Total residential buildings	287	28,080	18	984	305	29,064
	ILLAWARRA S	TATISTICAL D	IVISION			
Houses	182	19,307			182	19,305
Brick, stone, or concrete	11	1,169			H	1.169
Brick-veneer	147	16,346	- •		147	16,346
fimber	6	447			6	447
Fibre cement	13	916	-		13	916
Other materials	5	430	_		5	430
Other residential buildings	105	6,558			105	6,558
Fotal residential buildings	287	25,865		_	287	25,865
	BALANCE OF	NEW SOUTH V	VALES			
Houses	497	51,502	4	432	501	51,934
Brick, stone, or concrete	96	11,565		_	96	H.565
Brick-veneer	297	32,000	3	370	300	32,370
Timber	52	4,131	1	62	53	4.193
Fibre cement	41	2.765		•	41	2,765
Other materials	ļi	1,041		•	П	1,041
Other residential buildings	97	6,619	29	1,846	126	8.464
Total residential buildings	594	58,120	33	2,278	627	60,398
	NEW S	OUTH WALES				
Houses	2,132	244,387	10	1,167	2,142	245,553
Brick, stone, or concrete	310	46,469	ŀ	340	311	46,809
Brick-veneer	1,607	180,166	7	734	1.614	180.901
Timber	115	10,275	2	92	117	10.367
Fibre cement	74	5,238			74	5,238
Other materials	26	2,238	 .		26	2,238
Other residential buildings	1,812	163,016	174	14,915	1,986	177,931
Total residential buildings	3,944	407,403	184	16,082	4,128	423,485

⁽a) Comprises new houses (classified by material of outer walls) and dwelling units in new other residential buildings. Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 8. NEW DWELLING UNITS (a) APPROVED BY TYPE AND STATISTICAL DIVISION, NSW JULY 1995

				Ν	ew other reside	ntial building				
	_		ched, row or ter townhouses, etc.		Flats, u	nits or aparim	ents in a buildin	g of		Total new
Statistical division	New houses	1 storey	2 or more storeys	Total	12 storeys	3 starevs	4 or more storeps	Total	Total	residential huilding
			NU	MBER OF I	WELLING UN	NITS				
Sydney	1,231	320	463	783	126	141	628	895	1,678	2,909
Hunter	228	24	31	55	22		_	22	7 7	305
Illawarra	182	17	31	48	57			57	105	287
Richmond Tweed	68	4	2	6	35			35	41	109
Mid-North Coast	127	14	2	16	11	_		11	27	154
Northern	40	• •	_		6		_	6	6	46
North Western	26	10		10	_		_	•••	10	36
Central West	63	2		2	14	_		14	16	79
South Eastern	94	4	2	6			_		6	100
Murrumbidgee	44				2	_	_	2	2	46
Митау	38	2		2	14			14	16	54
Far West	1			•-	2			2	2	3
New South Wales	2,142	397	531	928	289	141	628	1,058	1,986	4,128
				VALU	JE (\$1000)				•	
Sydney	150.328	22,780	42,134	64,913	10,498	12,935	69,483	92,916	157,829	308,158
Hunter	23,984	1,574	2,382	3,956	1,124			1,124	5,080	29,064
lilawarra	19,307	1,148	2,360	3,508	3,050			3,050	6,558	25,865
Richmond-Tweed	6,165	280	170	450	2.218			2,218	2,668	8,833
Mid-North Coast	13,556	995	171	1,166	750	-	. —	750	1,916	15,472
Northern	4,136	_	_	_	457	_		457	457	4.593
North Western	2,957	600		600		_			600	3,557
Central West	6,595	187	_	187	835	_		835	1,022	7,617
South Eastern	10.421	230	311	541		_		_	541	10.962
Murrumbidgee	4.438		-	_	120		_	120	120	4,558
Murray	3,555	90	_	90	932	_	_	932	1.022	4,578
Far West	110			_	118	_		118	118	228
New South Wales	245,553	27,883	47,527	75,411	20,103	12,935	69,483	102,521	177,931	423,485

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

NEW OTHER RESIDENTIAL DWELLING UNITS APPROVED, BY TYPE, NSW

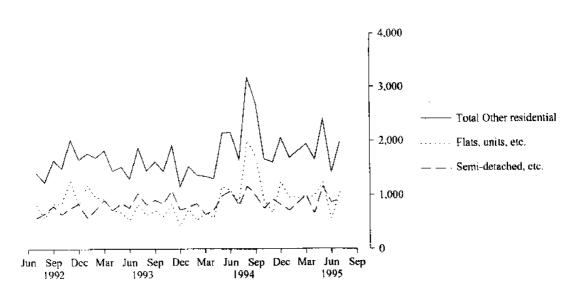


TABLE 9. BUILDING APPROVED IN STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS OF NSW, JULY 1995

		Ne	w residenti.	al building (a)		41	Non-residential huilding			
		Houses		Other r	esidential bu	ildings	Alterations and additions to				
Statistical area	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	residential buildings (\$ '000)	Private sector (\$1000)	Total (\$`000)	Total building (\$'000)	
		SYDN	NEY STA	TISTICAL	DIVISIO	N					
Botany (A)	3		347			_	352	13,901	13,901	14,600	
Leichhardt (A)	1		240	143	_	13,170	1,633	795	855	15,898	
Marrickville (A)	3		316			_	1,746	585	585	2,647	
South Sydney (C)				200	34	21,043	2,601	11,465	13,548	37,192	
Sydney (C) Inner and Remainder	-	•			_		542	171,106	171,376	171.918	
Inner Sydney (SSD)	7	•••	903	343	34	34,213	6,874	197,852	200,265	242,255	
Randwick (C)	13		2.531	31	2	2,839	1,833	3.783	3,783	10,986	
Waverley (A)	1		190	16		2.000	1,653	50	50	3,893	
Woollahra (A)	4		2,280	2		1,800	3,280	1,145	1,145	8,505	
Eastern Suburbs (SSD)	18		5,001	49	2	6,639	6,765	4,978	4,978	23,384	
Hurstville (C)	8		1,014	50	14	5,086	1.259	200	200	7,559	
Kogarah (A)	12		2.272	4		367	1.324	1,650	1.770	5,733	
Rockdale (C)	11		1.431	17		1,407	960	710	710	4,508	
Sutherland Shire (A)	51		8,282	71		5,460	4,068	477	3,677	21,487	
St George: Sutherland (SSD)	82		12,999	142	14	12,320	7,611	3,037	6,357	39,287	
Bankstown (C)	19		2,320	94	31	8,711	1,520	22,190	27.360	39,911	
Canterbury (A)	4	_	558	29		2,010	1,009	1,774	3.111	6,688	
Canterbury-Bankstown (SSD)	23	_	2,878	123	31	10,721	2,529	23,964	30,471	46,598	
Fairfield (C)	35	1	4,600	16	2	1,625	913	1,708	1,963	9,101	
Liverpool (C)	205	2	21,355	21		1,730	649	1,474	1.574	25,307	
Fairfield-Liverpool (SSD)	240	3	25,955	37	2	3,355	1,562	3,182	3,537	34,409	
Camden (A)	45	l	4.414			_	427	1,260	1.260	6,101	
Campbelltown (C)	37		3,652	2		120	760	1,797	1,797	6,329	
Wolfordilly (A)	33	_	3,745	2		175	351	115	115	4.385	
Outer South Western Sydney (SSD)	115	1	11,811	4		295	1,538	3,172	3,172	16,816	
Ashfield (A)	ı		111	10		800	1,119	875	975	3,005	
Burwood (A)	2	_	560	8		720	388	60	60	1,728	
Concord (A)	1		232	52		4,000	794			5,026	
Drummoyne (A)	5	1	735		· -	_	481		50	1,266	
Strathfield (A)	6		1,116	2		193	157	2,135	2.365	3,831	
Inner Western Sydney (SSD)	15	I	2,754	72	-	5,713	2,938	3,070	3,450	14,855	

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 9. BUILDING APPROVED IN STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS OF NSW, JULY 1995—continued

		Ne	w residenti	ıl huilding (a)			Non-resi buila		
		Houses		Other r	esidential bu	aldings	Alterations and additions to			
Statistical area	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$ 000)	residential buildings (\$'000)	Private sector (\$ 000)	Total (\$*000)	Total building (\$`000)
		SYDNEY S	STATISTI	CAL DIV	SION—co	ntinued				
Auburn (A)	2		163	2		160	224	1,890	1,890	2,437
Holroyd (C)	20	_	2,508	89		5.399	476	11.040	11,125	19,508
Parramatta (C)	17		1.719	51	_	3,567	1,146	649	1,438	7,869
Central Western Sydney (SSD)	39		4,301	142	_	9,726	1,846	13,579	14,453	29,815
Blue Mountains (C)	32		3,708		4	290	874	1,810	1,810	6,682
Hawkesbury (C)	25	-	3.334	10	22	2,331	650	640	940	7,255
Penrith (C)	63	i	6,632	32	_	2,164	1,718	3,060	9,238	19,751
Outer Western Sydney (SSD)	120	1	13,674	42	26	4,785	3,242	5,570	11,988	33,688
Baulkham Hills (A)	54		9,023	16		1.795	1,460	2.045	2,045	14,323
Blacktown (C)	156		15.055	44		3,276	1,934	14,363	14.480	34,746
Blacktown-Baulkham Hills (SSD)	210		24,078	60	_	5,071	3,394	16,408	16,525	49,068
Hunter's Hill (A)	1		1.050			_	210			1,260
Lanc Cove (A)	10		1,572	16		1.371	2,927	2,430	2,500	8,370
Mosman (A)	2	-	615			-	1,792	90	90	2,497
North Sydney (A)	Į	-	300	4		280	1,297	1,686	2,141	4,018
Ryde (C)	12		1.913	44	4	4,592	796	196	5.896	13,197
Willoughby (C)	3		620	282		40,343	1.252	456	456	42,671
Lower Northern Sydney (SSD)	29		6,070	346	4	46,586	8,274	4,858	11,083	72,013
Hornsby (A)	108		11,904	51	_	4,565	1,517	577	577	18,563
Ku-ring-gai (A)	25	_	6,215	52		7,345	6,498	2,072	2,072	22,129
Hornshy Ku-ring-gai (SSD)	133		18,118	103		11,910	8,015	2,649	2,649	40,692
Manly (A)	4		652	6		497	1,852	5.912	5,912	8,913
Pittwater (A)	12		1.932			_	2.608	2,195	2,195	6,735
Warringah (A)	25		3,352	8	_	663	2,338	826	826	7,179
Northern Reaches (SSD)	41		5,936	14	_	1,160	6,798	8,933	8.933	22,827
Gesford (C)	60	_	7,105	58	14	4,832	1,549	1,577	1,697	15,182
Wyong (A)	93		8,655	16		1,104	1,439	6,533	15,033	26,231
Gosford-Wyong (SSD)	153	_	15,760	74	14	5,936	2,987	8,110	16,730	41,413
Sydney (SD)	1,225	6	150,328	1,551	127	157,829	64,371	299,303	334,591	707,119

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 9. BUILDING APPROVED IN STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS OF NSW, JULY 1995 - continued

		Ne	w residenti	al building (a)		et	Non-residential building		
	Houses			Other residential buildings			Alterations and			
Statistical area	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	additions to rexidential buildings (\$'000)		Total (\$`000)	
		HUN	TER STA	TISTICAL	DIVISIO	١				•
Cesspock (C)	25		2,324	4		234	299	1,420	1,420	4,277
Lake Macquarie (C)	65		7,313	14		810	1,707	1,356	1,356	11,185
Maitland (C)	29		3,042	4	_	140	481	350	350	4.013
Newcastle (C) ··· Inner and Remainder	19		2,022	23	18	2,836	2,262	2,449	3.110	10,229
Port Stephens (A)	35		3.377	12		870	511	543	543	5,301
•	173		18,078	57		4,890	5,260	6,117	6,778	35,006
Newcastle (SSD)	173		70,070	3/	18	4,090	2,200	0,117	0,770	23,1996
Dungog (A)	5		393	***		.= -	41	150	150	584
Gloucester (A)	-						38	180	180	218
Great Lakes (A)	24		2,885	2		190	427	350	350	3,852
Merriwa (A)	_			-		_				.,
Murrurundi (A)					_	_				
Muswellbrook (A)	4	_	380	_		_	69	95	95	544
Score (A)	13		1,287			_	144	50	50	1.481
	9		961				150	345	345	1.456
Singleton (A) Hunter SD Balance (SSD)	55 55		5,906	2		190	869	1,170	1,170	8,135
Hunter (SD)	228		23,984	59	18	5,080	6,129	7,287	7,948	43,141
Truncer (Str)	750		23,704		10	3,001	0,127	1,207	7,740	4,4141
		ILLAW	ARRA ST	ATISTIC	AL DIVISI	ON				
Kiama (A)	10		940	_	_	_	551		485	1,976
Shellharbour (A)	2,3		2,506	8		502	434	757	757	4.198
Wollongong (C)	51		5,766	38	_	2,880	2,083	210	530	11,259
Wollangong (SSD)	84		9.212	46	_	3,382	3,069	967	1,772	17,434
Shoalhaven (C)	71	_	6,719	19	_	1,076	999	845	845	9,639
Wingecarribee (A)	27	_	3,377	40		2,100	950	1,298	1,298	7.724
Illowarra SD Balance (SSD)	98	_	10,096	59	_	3,176	1,949	2,143	2,143	17,363
Illawarra (SD)	182	_	19,307	105	_	6,558	5,017	3,109	3,914	34,797
	R	CHMONE	-TWEED	STATIST	TICAL DIV	'ISION				
Twecd (A) Pt A	9		814				146	225	681	1,641
Tweed Heads (SSD)	ģ		X14				146	225	681	1,641
Ballina (A)	20		1,947	18	10	1,689	191	650	2.250	6,077
Byron (A)	10		929	_	_		47			976
Casino (A)	4		393	5		399	110	64	64	966
Kyogle (A)	i		75				1 100		_	75
Lismore (C)	12		1,005	8		580	344	150	555	2,484
Richmond River (A)	4			n			45			478
• •			433							
Tweed (A) Pt B	8	_	569		. —		_			569 11,624
Distance of Taxable Day 10 of CODY	F 41									
Richmond-Tweed SD Balance (SSD) Richmond-Tweed (SD)	59		5,350	31	10	2,668	737	864	2,869	11,024

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 9. BUILDING APPROVED IN STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS OF NSW, JULY 1995—continued

		Ne	w residentia	al building (a)		4.6	Non-residential building		
	· · · · ·	Houses		Other re	esidential bu	ildings	Alterations : and additions to			
ratistical area	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$ 000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	residential buildings (\$*000)	Private sector (\$*000)	Total (\$'000)	Total building (\$'000)
	N	IID-NORT	н солѕ	STATIS	TICAL DI	VISION				
Bellingen (A)	4	_	330				72	64	64	466
Coffs Harbour (C)	26		2,552		11	750	613	12,021	12,021	15,933
Copmanhurst (A)	20 i		74	_			-			74
•	2		223			-	137	200	265	62:
Grafton (C)	9		918	2		178	130			1,22
Maclean (A)				2			30		_	63.
Nambucca (A)	7		605	_			30			9)
Nymboida (A)	1		92	_	_					
Ulmarra (A)	4	• •	322				69			39
Clarence (SSD)	54	• •	5,115	2	H	928	1,051	12,285	12,350	19,44
Greater Tarec (C)	15		1,991	8	_	554	473	6 8 8	688	3,70
Hastings (A)	36		4,319	_	2	171	302	530	530	5,32
Kempsey (A)	19	3	2,130	4		263	154			2,54
Lord Howe Island					_			_		
Hastings (SSD)	70	3	8,441	12	2	988	929	1,218	1,218	11,57.
Mid-North Coast (SD)	124	3	13,556	14	13	1,916	1,980	13,503	13,568	31,02
		NORTI	IERN ST	ATISTICA	AL DIVISI	ON				
Barraba (A)								_	_	_
		_		_		_	_		_	_
Bingara (A)	3		179		4	297	118	85	85	67
Gunnedah (A)	2		250		-	17.	20	_	_	27
Invereil (A) P(A	2				_					_
Manilla (A)		_				_			_	
Nundle (A)		-		_	_		26		_	56
Parry (A)	5	_	525	_	_		35			27
Quirindi (A)	4		220	_			51			
Tamworth (C)	7	-	793	2	_	160	473	_	_	1,42
Yallaroi (A)	1		108	_	_	_	14	_		12
Northern Slopes (SSD)	22	_	2,075	2	4	457	711	85	85	3,32
Annidale (C)	4		520	- M·4	_		154	170	170	84
Dumaresq (A)	3	_	457	_	_		58			51
Glen Innes (A)	_		_	_	_	_	66	_		6
Guyra (A)	1	_	80						_	8
Inverell (A) Pt B	2		230	_		_	37			2€
Severn (A)	_					_			-	
Tenterfield (A)			131		_					13
	ĵ	_	99	_	_		74	-		17
Uralla (A)	,	_	_		_		38	_		3
Walcha (A) Northern Tablelands (SSD)	13	-	1,516		_	_	426	170	170	2.11
Moree Plains (A)	ı	_	177		_		20	160	160	3.5
	4		368				45	75	75	48
Narrabri (A)	5		545	- -		_	65	235	235	84
North Central Plain (SSD)	•									

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 9. BUILDING APPROVED IN STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS OF NSW, JULY 1995—continued

		Ne	w residentia	ıl building t	a)		Alterations	Non-resid huild		
		Houses		Other re	exidential bu	ildings	and additions to			
Statistical area	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$`000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	residential buildings (\$1000)	Private sector (\$`000)	Total (\$'000)	Total building (\$ 000)
	•	NORTH W	ESTERN	STATIST	TCAL DIV	ISION				
Coolah (A)										
Coonabarabran (A)	_									
Dubbo (C)	13		1,559	10		600	148	215	215	2,521
Gilgandra (A)	ı I	_	68				61	· _	-	129
Vriigandra (Α) Mudgee (Λ)	4		656				86	50	50	792
Narromine (A)	•		(130)	_			30			30
Wellington (A)	2		153				26	_	_	179
Central Macquarie (SSD)	20		2,435	10		600	350	265	265	3,650
Central what quarte (5507)	2.0		#y*-r-:	7.0		12.711				-,
Bogan (A)									_	
Coonamble (A)	1		100			.—	30	_	***	130
Walgett (A)	ı		34	•					_	34
Warren (A)	2		255	-		_		-		255
Macquarie-Barwon (SSD)	4		389		-		30			419
Bourke (A)			_							
Brewarrina (A)								300	300	300
Cobar (A)	2		132				92			224
Upper Darling (SSD)	2		132		-		92	300	300	524
North Western (SD)	26		2,957	10		600	472	565	565	4,593
		CENTRA	L WEST S	STATISTI	CAL DIVI	SION	<u>-</u>			
Bathurst (C)	15		1,747	14	_	835	193	600	1,050	3,825
Blayney (A) Pt A	3		404	_			38			442
Cahonne (A) Pt A	3	_	352			_	90		_	442
Evens (A) Pt A			302				17			17
Orange (C)	9		801	2		187	108	650	650	1,745
Bathwst Orange (SSD)	30	_	3,304	16		1,022	44.5	1,250	1,700	6,47)
Blayney (A) Pt B				_		_	27			27
Cabonne (A) Pt B					_					
Evans (A) Pt B	3	_	180	_			16	50	50	246
Greater Lithgow (C)	11		1,233				127	775	835	2,195
Oberon (A)	3	_	234	_		_		120	120	354
Rylstone (A)	_	_		٠.						
Central Tablelands texcl.										
Bathurst-Orange) (SSD)	17	_	1,647		_		170	945	1,005	2,822
Bland (A)	1		70				19			89
Cabonne (A) Pt C	5		353				25		-	378
Cowra (A)	1	_	165	_		-	41	_		206
Forbes (A)	3		385		_		50			435
Lachian (A)	1		56	_			22			71
Parkes (A)	5		615				24			630
Weddin (A)						_	44			44
Lachlan (SSD)	16	-	1,644	_		_	225			1,869
Central West (SD)	63		6,595	16		1,022	840	2,195	2,705	11,162

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 9. BUILDING APPROVED IN STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS OF NSW, JULY 1995.—continued

		Net	e residenti	al building ((a)		44	Non-resi build		
		Houses		Other residential buildings			Alterations ond additions to		• • •	
Statistical greg	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$'000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Fotal value (\$ 000)	residential huildings (\$*000)	Private sector (\$'000)	Total (\$`000)	Total building (\$'000)
		SOUTH E	ASTERN	STATIST	ICAL DIV	ISION				
Queambeyan (C)	13		1,764	_			198	226	226	2,188
Queanbeyan (SSD)	13		1,764		-	-	198	226	226	2.188
Boorowa (A)	1	_	148		_			_		148
Crookwell (A)	ì		61	_	_				_	61
Goulburn (C)	6		789	_	_	_	99	9R	98	986
Gunning (A)				_	_		48	_	_	48
Harden (A)	1		120	_	_		50		_	170
Mulwaree (A)	3		290	_		_	37	_		327
Tallaganda (A)	1	_	69		_		_		_	69
Yarrowlumia (A)	4		445		_		65			510
Yass (A)	5		743	_			119	250	250	(,11)
Young (A)	6		441	2		100	133	70	70	744
Southern Tablelands	"		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	_						
(excl. Queanheyan) (SSD)	28	_	3,105	2	_	100	549	418	418	4,173
Bega Valley (A)	24	1	2,224	2	_	311	582	290	290	3,407
Eurobodalla (A)	1.5		1,470	2	_	130	167	280	280	2,047
Lower South Coast (SSD)	39	I	3,694	4		441	749	570	570	5,454
Bombala (A)		_	_				30	_		30
Cooma-Monaro (A)	R		669	_	_		94		_	762
Snowy River (A)	5		1,189	_			40	_	_	1,229
Snowy (SSD)	13	_	1,858			-	164		• •	2,027
South Eastern (SD)	93	1	10,421	6	_	541	1,660	1,214	1,214	13,836
		MURRUM	BIDGEE	STATIST	ICAL DIV	ISION	<u></u>			
Coolamon (A)				_	_		_			
Cootamendra (A)	2		213	_	_	_	12	320	320	545
Gundagai (A)	1		20		. –	_	13			33
Junee (A)	i		75	_	_	_			_	75
Lockhart (A)	1	_	85	_		_		_		85
Narrandera (A)	1		133	_	_	_	35			168
Temora (A)				_		_	20	_		20
Tumut (A)	4	_	416		_		62			477
Wagga Wagga (C)	15		1,655		_		723	950	1,367	3,745
Central Murrumbidgee (SSD)	25	_	2,596	_	_		865	1,270	1,687	5,148
Carrathool (A)	1		62	_		_	32			93
Griffith (C)	8	_	933	_			154	1,107	1,107	2,194
Hay (A)	2	_	127		_	_		140	140	267
Lecton (A)	4	_	358		_		186	_	_	544
Murrumbidgee (A)	4	_	363	2	_	120	18			501
Lower Murrumbidgee (SSD)	19		1,842	2	_	120	389	1,247	1,247	3,599
Murrumbidgee (SD)	44	_	4,438	2	-	120	1,255	2,517	2,934	8,747
In the last Convenience and							· · · ·			

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

TABLE 9. BUILDING APPROVED IN STATISTICAL LOCAL AREAS OF NSW, JULY 1995—continued

		Net	w residentu	al building ((a)			Non-residential building		
	Houses		Other residential buildings			Alterations and additions to				
Statistical area	Private sector (number)	Public vector (number)	Total value (\$`000)	Private sector (number)	Public sector (number)	Total value (\$`000)	residential buildings (\$*000)	Private sector (\$'000)	Total (\$ '000)	Total building (\$*000)
		MURI	RAY STA	TISTICAI	L DIVISIO	N .		. <u>-</u> .		
Albary (C)	8		768	14		932	480	150	1,042	3.222
Hume (A)	2		190			_	10			200
Albury (SSD)	10		95%	14	-	93.2	490	150	1,042	3,422
Corowa (A)	Q.		596				82	470	470	1.148
Culcairn (A)										
Helbrook (A)								160	210	210
Tumbarumba (A)	3		289				20			309
Urana (A)	Į.		104							104
Upper Murray (excl. Albury) (SSD)	13		990				102	630	680	1,772
Berrigan (A)	2		160				51			211
Conargo (A)							-			
Deniliquin (A)	3		256						-	256
Jerilderie (A)	2	-	247	2		90	90		_	427
Murray (A)			_							
Wakool (A)	1	_	110		<u> </u>					110
Windouran (A)				_		_				
Central Murray (SSD)	x	_	773	2		90	141	_		1,004
Balranald (A)	3		267				30	_		297
Wentworth (A)	4		568		_	-	25	_		593
Marray Darling (SSD)	7		835	_		_	5,5		_	890
Murray (SD)	38	_	3,555	16	_	1,022	787	780	1,722	7,087
		FAR V	VEST STA	ATISTICA	L DIVISIO	ON				
Broken Hilf (C)	1		110				56			166
Central Darling (A)				_	2	118		_		118
Unincorp. Far West		_	_			• • • •		_		
Far West (SD)	1	_	110	_	2	118	56	_	_	284
			NEW S	OUTH WA	ALES				. =	
New South Wales	2,132	10	245,553	1,812	174	177,931	84,651	332,052	373,201	881,337

⁽a) Excludes Conversions, etc.

EXPLANATORY NOTES

Introduction

This publication contains monthly details of building work approved.

- 2. Statistics of building work approved are compiled from:
 - (a) permits issued by local government authorities in areas subject to building control by those authorities; and
 - (b) contracts let or day labour work authorised by Commonwealth, State, semi-government and local government authorities.

Major building activity which takes place in areas not subject to the normal administrative approval processes (e.g. building on remote mine sites) is also included.

Scope and coverage

- 3. The statistics relate to building activity which includes construction of new buildings and alterations and additions to existing buildings. Construction activity not defined as building (e.g. construction of roads, bridges, railways, earthworks) is excluded.
- 4. In relation to work carried out on existing buildings, the statistics include details of non-structural renovation and refurbishment work and the installation of integral building fixtures, for which building approval was obtained.
- 5. From July 1990, the statistics cover:
 - (a) all approved new residential building jobs valued at \$10,000 or more (previously \$5,000 or more).
 - (b) approved alterations and additions to residential buildings valued at \$10,000 or more.
 - (c) all approved non-residential building jobs valued at \$50,000 or more (previously \$30,000 or more).

These changes mainly affect non-residential building data. In particular, care should be taken in interpreting data for specific classes of non-residential building.

Definitions

- 6. A building is defined as a rigid, fixed and permanent structure which has a roof. Its intended purpose is primarily to house people, plant, machinery, vehicles, goods or livestock. An integral feature of a building's design, to satisfy its intended use, is the provision for regular access by persons.
- 7. A dwelling unit is defined as a self-contained suite of rooms, including cooking and bathing facilities and intended for long-term residential use. Units (whether self-contained or not) within buildings offering either institutional care (such as hospitals) or temporary accommodation (such as motels, hostels and holiday apart-

ments) are not defined as dwelling units. The value of units of this type is included in the appropriate category of non-residential building approved.

- 8. A residential building is defined as a building predominantly consisting of one or more dwelling units. Residential buildings can be either houses or other residential buildings as follows:
 - (a) A house is defined as a detached building predominantly used for long-term residential purposes and consisting of only one dwelling unit. Detached dwelling units associated with non-residential buildings are defined as houses for the purpose of these statistics.
 - (b) An other residential building is defined as a building which is predominantly used for long-term residential purposes and which contains (or has attached to it) more than one dwelling unit.
- 9. From the January 1995 issue of this publication, the number of dwelling units approved as part of alterations and additions to existing buildings (including the conversion of non-residential buildings to dwelling units) and as part of the construction of new non-residential buildings is shown separately in Table 1 under the heading of 'Conversions, etc.', and is included in the total number of dwelling units shown in the table. Previously, such dwellings were only included as a footnote.
- 10. In addition, from the January 1995 issue, the seasonally adjusted and trend estimates for the number of dwelling units approved, shown in Table 3, include these conversions, etc. Previously, only dwelling units approved as part of the construction of new residential buildings were included in these estimates.
- 11. The value of new residential building approved continues to exclude the value of dwelling units created as conversions of (residential and) non-residential buildings, and the value of dwelling units creeted as part of the construction of new non-residential buildings. Approved building work represented by these conversions, etc. jobs continues to be included in the value of alterations and additions to residential buildings or in the value of non-residential building as appropriate.
- 12. Values data are derived by aggregation of the estimated value (when completed) of building work (excluding value of land and landscaping but including site preparation) as reported on approval documents. For houses, these estimates are usually a reliable indicator of the completed value of the building. However, for other residential buildings and non-residential buildings these estimates can and often do differ significantly from the completed value of the building.

Building classification

13. Ownership. The ownership of a building is classified at the time of approval as either private sector or public

sector according to expected ownership of the completed building. Residential buildings being constructed by private sector builders under government housing authority schemes whereby the authority has contracted, or intends to contract, to purchase the buildings on or before completion, are classified as public sector.

- 14. Functional classification of buildings. A building is classified according to its intended major function. Hence, a building which is ancillary to other buildings or forms a part of a group of related buildings is classified to the function of the building and not to the function of the group as a whole. An example of this can be seen in the treatment of building work approved for a factory complex. In this case a detached administration building would be classified to 'Offices', a detached cafeteria building to 'Shops', while factory buildings would be classified to 'Factories'. An exception to this rule is the treatment of group accommodation buildings where, for example, a student accommodation building on a university campus would be classified to 'Educational'.
- 15. From July 1992, an expanded functional classification of buildings based on the Dwelling Structure Classification (DSC) has been introduced by the ABS to provide more detailed information on residential building approvals.
- 16. The DSC has been developed by the ABS to provide a standard classification of the different types of dwelling structures (houses, flats, townhouses, etc.). The DSC will be implemented across all major collections of housing data in the ABS. The DSC has the same overall scope as the classification used in previous collections but provides more detail than previously available to reflect the current interest in medium to high density housing.
- 17. In particular, for Building Approvals, DSC allows new other residential building to be classified as follows:
 - (a) Semi-detached, row or terrace houses, townhouses, etc. (dwellings having their own private grounds and no other dwellings above or below) with:
 - (i) one storey;
 - (ii) two or more storeys.
 - (b) Flats, units or apartments, etc. (dwellings not having their own private grounds and usually sharing a common entrance, foyer or stairwell) in a building of:
 - (i) one or two storeys;
 - (ii) three storeys;
 - (iii) four or more storeys.
- 18. More details on the DSC are contained in the ABS Information Paper, Dwelling Structure Classification (DSC) (1296.0).

- 19. Examples of the types of individual building jobs included under each main functional heading are shown in the following list:
 - (a) Houses includes cottages, bungalows, detached caretakers'/managers' cottages and granny flats, rectories;
 - (b) Other residential buildings includes blocks of flats, home units, attached townhouses, duplexes, villa units, terrace houses, apartment buildings, semi-detached houses, maisonettes;
 - (c) Hotels etc. includes motels, hostels, boarding houses, guest houses, holiday apartment buildings;
 - (d) Shops includes retail shops, restaurants, cafes, taverns, dry cleaners, laundromats, hair salons, shopping arcades;
 - (e) Factories includes paper mills, oil refinery buildings, brickworks, foundries, power-houses, manufacturing laboratories, workshops as part of a manufacturing process;
 - (f) Offices includes banks, post offices, council chambers, head and regional offices;
 - (g) Other business premises includes warehouses, storage depots, service stations, transport depots and terminals, electricity sub-station buildings, telephone exchanges, mail sorting centres, broadcasting stations, film studios;
 - (h) Educational includes schools, colleges, kindergartens, libraries, museums, art galleries, research and teaching laboratories, theological colleges;
 - (i) Religious includes churches, chapels, temples;
 - (j) Health includes hospitals, nursing homes, surgeries, clinics, medical centres;
 - (k) Entertainment and recreational includes clubs, theatres, cinemas, public halls, gymnasiums, grandstands, squash courts, recreation centres;
 - (i) Miscellaneous includes law courts, homes for the aged (where medical care is not provided as a normal service), orphanages, gaols, barracks, mine buildings, glass houses, livestock sheds, shearing sheds, fruit and skin drying sheds, public toilets, and ambulance, fire and police stations.

Statistical areas of New South Wales

20. This publication contains data presented according to the Australian Standard Geographical Classification (ASGC) and incorporating changes brought about by the (State) Local Government Act 1993 to the titles of legal Local Government Areas (LGAs). Under this classification, statistical areas are defined as follows:

- (a) Statistical Local Areas (SLAs). These geographical areas are in most cases either identical with, or have been aggregated to, the previously published whole or part of legal Local Government Areas (LGAs) as defined under the (State) Local Government Act 1919 and comprising cities (C), municipalities (M) and shires (S). In other cases, they are identical to each previously published unincorporated area. The (State) Local Government Act 1993 eliminated the titles of Shire and Municipality and instituted the concept of Area (A). With one exception — Sutherland (S) became Sutherland Shire (A) - names of the LGAs have remained unaltered. In aggregate, SLAs cover the whole of the State without gaps or overlaps. In some cases legal LGAs overlap Statistical Subdivision boundaries and therefore comprise two SLAs (Part A and Part B) or three SLAs in the case of Cabonne (A) (Part A, Part B and Part C).
- (b) Statistical Subdivisions (SSDs). These consist of one or more SLAs and form the intermediate size spatial unit for the presentation of regional data.
- (c) Statistical Divisions (SDs). These consist of one or more Statistical Subdivisions (SSDs). Where SSDs are not shown for statistical purposes, statistical local areas are shown ordered alphabetically within statistical divisions. The divisions are designed to be relatively homogeneous regions characterised by identifiable social and economic units within the region, under the unifying influence of one or more major towns or cities.
- (d) Statistical Districts. To provide comparable statistics over a period of time, statistical districts have been defined around selected urban centres, with a population of 25,000 or more, experiencing urban growth beyond the legal local government area boundaries. Those districts are intended to contain the anticipated urban spread over the next 20 years. In some cases, Statistical District boundaries are identical to those of particular Statistical Subdivisions (e.g. Newcastle SSD and Wollongong SSD included in Table 8 of this publication).
- 21. Further information concerning statistical areas is contained in the publication Australian Standard Geographical Classification (1216.0).

General

22. For purposes of comparison, it should be noted that statistics of building approvals are affected from month to month by large projects (such as blocks of flats and multistorey office buildings) approved in particular months, and also by the administrative arrangements of government authorities.

Seasonal adjustment

23. Seasonally adjusted building statistics are shown in

- Table 3. In these series, account has been taken of normal seasonal factors and trading day effects (arising from the varying numbers of Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays etc. in the month) and the effect of movement in the date of Easter which may, in successive years, affect figures for different months.
- 24. Each of the component series shown has been seasonally adjusted independently. As a consequence, while the unadjusted components in the original series shown add to the totals, the adjusted components may not add to the adjusted totals. Further, the difference between independently seasonally adjusted series does not necessarily produce series which are optimal or even adequate adjustments of the similarly derived original series. Thus the figures which can be derived by subtracting seasonally adjusted private sector dwelling units from the seasonally adjusted total should not be used to represent seasonally adjusted public sector dwelling units.
- 25. Seasonal adjustments may be carried out by various methods and the results may vary slightly according to the procedure adopted. Accordingly, seasonally adjusted statistics should not be regarded as in any way definitive. In interpreting particular seasonally adjusted statistics it is important to bear in mind the methods by which they have been derived and the limitations to which the methods used are subject.
- 26. Seasonal adjustment is a means of removing the estimated effects of normal seasonal variation from the series so that the effects of other influences on the series may be more clearly recognised. Seasonal adjustment procedures do not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month, such as the effect of the approval of large projects or as a consequence of the administrative arrangements of approving authorities. Irregular influences that are highly volatile can make it difficult to interpret the movement of the series even after adjustment for seasonal variation.
- 27. The seasonally adjusted series can, however, be smoothed to reduce the impact of the irregular component in the adjusted series. This smoothed seasonally adjusted series is called a trend estimate. There are a number of ways of accomplishing this, depending on the intended uses of the trend estimate. If importance is attached to measuring the underlying change in the most recent periods, moving averages employing appropriate weighting patterns should be adopted; the choice of averaging technique will determine in part the degree of smoothness of the derived series. For example, a 23-term moving average will generally even out more of the short term fluctuation in a series (and therefore appear 'smoother') than will a 13-term moving average. However, the longer the term of the moving average the longer the time series affected by revisions resulting from more recent data. In order to ensure that the underlying trend-cycle of a series is reflected in the trend estimate, the degree of smoothness alone cannot always be used as the sole criterion in determining which moving average is appropriate.

- 28. Trend estimates of building statistics are shown in Table 3. The trend estimates (often referred to as trend-cycle estimates) have been derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to the series.
- 29. While this technique enables trend estimates for the latest period to be produced, it does result in revisions to the trend estimates for the most recent months as additional observations become available. There may also be revisions as a result of changes in the original data, and as a result of the re-estimation of the seasonal factors. Details of other trend-cycle weighting patterns can be found in A Guide to Smoothing Time Series Estimates of Trend' (1316.0).

Estimates at constant prices

- 30. The base year of constant price estimates of building approvals, contained in this issue, has been changed to 1989-90.
- 31. Periodic rebasing of constant price estimates is necessary to take account of changed price relativities and structural relationships in the economy. The choice of the base year influences the movement in the constant price series and the usefulness of such series is diminished if the relative price weights of the base year differ significantly from the price relationships in the other periods included in the series. The more remote a base year is from the current period the less likely that its relative prices will reflect the current situation.
- 32. A more detailed discussion of the need for rebasing constant price estimates and factors affecting the choice of base year is contained in the information paper *Change in Base Year of Constant Price Estimates From 1984–85 to 1989–90* (5227.0) released on 10 December 1992.
- 33. Estimates of the quarterly value of building approvals at average 1989-90 prices are presented for NSW in Table 4. Monthly value data at constant prices are not available.
- 34. Constant price estimates measure changes in value after the direct effects of price changes have been elimi-

nated. The deflators used to revalue the current price estimates in this publication are derived from the same price data underlying the deflators compiled for the dwellings and non-dwelling construction components of the national accounts aggregate 'Gross fixed capital expenditure'.

35. Estimates at constant prices are subject to a number of approximations and assumptions. Further information on the nature and concepts of constant price estimates is contained in Chapter 4 of Australian National Accounts: Concepts, Sources and Methods (5216.0).

Related publications

36. Users may also wish to refer to the following publications which are available from the ABS Bookshop

Dwelling Unit Commencements Reported by Approving Authorities, NSW (monthly) (8741.1)

Building Approvals, Australia (monthly) (8731.0)

Building Activity, Australia (quarterly) (8752.0)

Housing Finance for Owner Occupation, Australia (monthly) (5609.0)

Price Index of Materials Used in House Building (monthly) (6408.0)

Engineering Construction Survey (quarterly) (8762.0)

Symbols and other usages

- A Area
- C City
- r figure or series revised since previous issue
- SD Statistical Division
- SLA Statistical Local Area
- SSD Statistical Subdivision
 - .. not applicable
- nil or rounded to zero (including null cells)
- 37. Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between sums of the component items and totals.

RELIABILITY OF CONTEMPORARY TREND ESTIMATES

The tables below present trend estimates of selected building approvals series for the six months February to July 1995.

- 2. Analysis of building approvals series has shown that the original series can be volatile and that the initial estimates of a months trend value can be revised substantially. In particular, some months can elapse before a turning point in the trend series is identified reliably. Generally, the size of revisions to the trend estimates tends to be larger, the greater the volatility of the original series. Revisions to trend estimates will also occur with revisions to original data and re-estimation of seasonal adjustment factors. See paragraphs 28 and 29 of the Explanatory Notes for a more detailed explanation.
- 3. To illustrate the possible impact of future months' observations on the trend estimates for the latest months, the tables show the revisions to the trend estimates that would result if the movements in the seasonally adjusted

- estimates for next month (August 1995) were to equal the average monthly percentage change (regardless of sign) in the series over the last ten years.
- 4. For example, if the seasonally adjusted estimate for the number of private houses approved (the first table) were to increase by 7 per cent in August 1995, the trend estimate for that month would be 2,047, a movement of 0.7 per cent. The monthly movements in the trend estimates for May, June and July 1995, which are currently estimated to be -2.6 per cent, -1.9 per cent and -1.6 per cent respectively, would be revised to -2.6 per cent, -1.6 per cent and -1.0 per cent. On the other hand, a 7 per cent seasonally adjusted decline in the number of private houses approved in August 1995 would produce a trend estimate for August 1995 of 1,932 a movement of -1.3 per cent, with the movements in the trend estimates for May, June and July 1995 being revised to -2.5 per cent, -2.2 per cent and -2.0 per cent respectively.

NUMBER OF PRIVATE SECTOR HOUSES APPROVED: RELIABILITY OF TREND ESTIMATES

			Revised trend estimate if July 1995 seasonally adjusted estimate						
	Ti	rend estimate	is up 7	% on July 1995	is down	is down 7% on July 1995			
	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month			
1995						_			
February	2,271	-4.8	2,265	5.1	2,270	4.8			
March	2,171	-4.4	2,162	-4.6	2,171	-4.4			
April	2,096	-3.5	2,091	-3.3	2,095	-3.5			
May	2,042	2.6	2,055	-1.7	2,043	2.5			
June	2,004	1.9	2,038	-0.8	1,998	-2.2			
July	1,972	-1.6	2,033	-0.2	1,957	-2.0			
August	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	2,047	0.7	1,932	-1.3			

TOTAL NUMBER OF HOUSES APPROVED: RELIABILITY OF TREND ESTIMATES

			Revise	d trend estimate if July 19	95 seasonally adju	sted estimate—
	T	rend estimate	is up 79	% on July 1995	is down	7% on July 1995
	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month
1995						
February	2,267	-4.6	2,260	4.9	2,265	-4.7
March	2,178	-3.9	2,167	4.1	2.177	3,9
April	2,120	2.7	2,114	2,5	2,119	2.7
May	2,083	1.7	2,097	-0.8	2,084	-1.6
June	2,060	1.1	2,099	0.1	2,056	-1.4
July	2,045	-0.8	2,112	0.6	2,030	-1.2
August	n.y.a.	п.у.а.	2,136	1.2	2,013	-0.9

TOTAL NUMBER OF DWELLING UNITS APPROVED: RELIABILITY OF TREND ESTIMATES

			Revise	d trend estimate if July 199	95 seasonally adju	isted estimate
	Tì	end estimate	is up 8	1% on July 1995	is down	8% on July 1995
	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month	No.	% change on previous month
1995				2.1	4 305	1.8
February	4,290	-1.7	4,271	2.1	4,285 4,258	-0,6
March	4,261	0.7	4,234	-0.9		1.3
April	4,201	-1.4	4,190	-1.0	4,202	
May	4,131	1.7	4,157	-0.8	4,125	1.8
June	4,068	-1.5	4,170	0.3	4,065	4.5
July	4,045	0.6	4,220	1.2	4,021	1.1
August	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	4,283	1.5	3,983	1.0

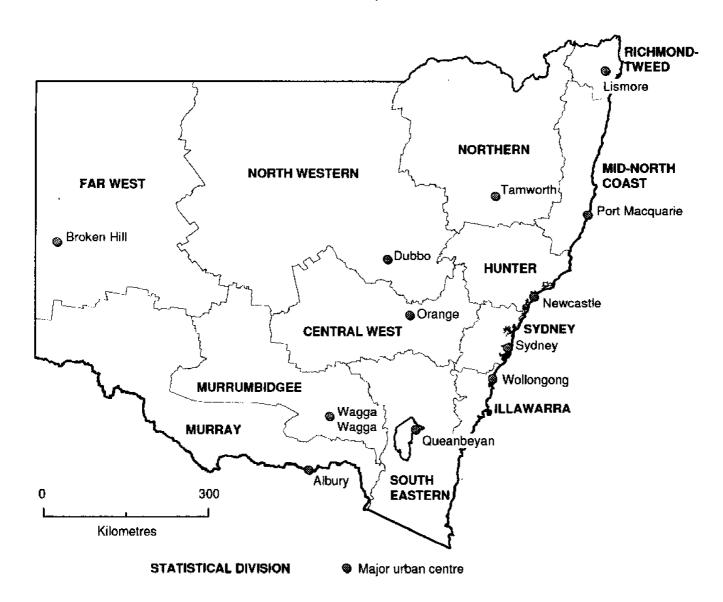
VALUE OF NEW RESIDENTIAL BUILDING APPROVED: RELIABILITY OF TREND ESTIMATES

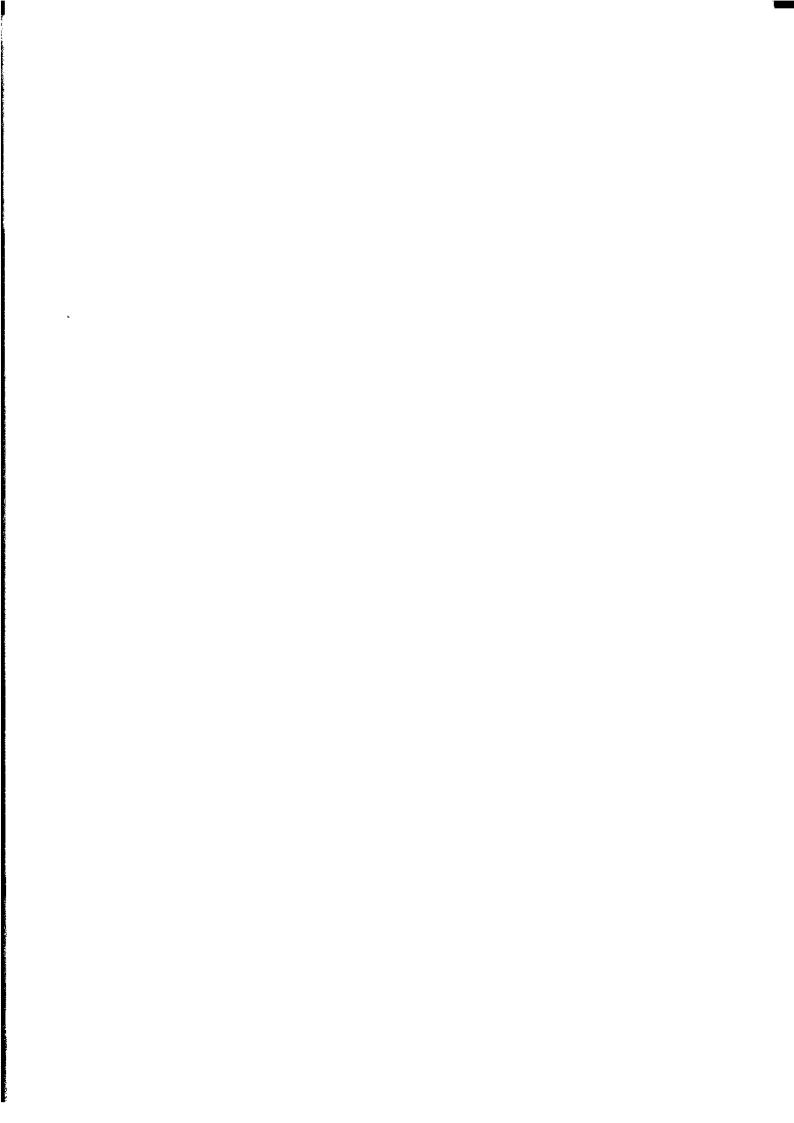
	-		Revise	d trend estimate if July 198	05 seosonally adju	isted estimate		
	Tr	end estimate	is up b	8% on July 1995	is down	is down 8% on July 1995		
	Sm	% change on previous month	\$m	% Change on previous month	\$m	% change on previous month		
1995								
February	417.3	1.8	415.8	- 2 .1	417.1	1.8		
March	413.1	-1.0	410.6	1.3	412.9	-1.0		
April	409.7	-0.8	408.6	0.5	409.7	-0,8		
May	406.3	-0.8	409.1	0.1	406.1	-0,9		
June	403.2	-0.8	413.0	1.0	403.1	–0.7		
July	404.1	0.2	419.9	1.7	401.3	-0.5		
August	n.y.a.	п.у.а.	426.6	1.6	398,5	-0.7		

VALUE OF ALTERATIONS AND ADDITIONS TO RESIDENTIAL BUILDING: RELIABILITY OF TREND ESTIMATES

			Revise	d trend estimate if July 199	95 seasonally adju	sted estimate
	Tr	end estimate	is up 8	% on July 1995	is down	8% on July 1995
	\$m	% change on previous month	\$m	% change on previous month	\$m	% change on previous month
1995					ec n	0,1
February	86.9	0.1	86.7	-0.2	86.9	1.7
March	88.3	1.7	88.0	1.5	88.4	
April	89.3	1.1	89.1	1.3	89.4	1.1
May	89.3	0.0	89.5	0.4	88.9	- 0.5
June	88.7	-0.6	89.5	0.0	87.5	1.6
July	87.9	-0.9	89.4	0.1	85.7	2.1
August	n.y.a.	n.y.a.	89.4	0.0	83.9	- 2.1

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